The World Travels of Food

THEME: EXPLORING THE ECOLOGY OF FOOD



ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How does what we eat influence the environment?

Where does our food come from?

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

✓ Students will be able to calculate food miles for various apple ingredients.

✓ Students will be able to create a scaled representation of the distance food travels.

LESSON DESCRIPTION

In this lesson, students explore the concept of food miles through reading a book about a journey around the world to source ingredients. They then calculate a scaled representation of the food miles for the various ingredients and create a human graph to compare mileage.

MATERIALS

- Local fruit to have as a snack (optional)
- How to Make an Apple Pie and See the World by Mariorie Priceman
- Calculators (optional)
- \blacksquare 5–6 balls of yarn or string
- 5−6 pairs of scissors
- Measuring sticks
- Half-sheet copy of the Food Miles Chart for each student (p. 445)

PREPARATION

- > Prepare local fruit for tasting, if using
- Photocopy and print out the Food Miles Chart from How to Make an Apple Pie and See the World.

ACTION STEPS

- 1. Engage: Ask, What is your favorite fruit to have as a snack? Take answers, and follow up by asking if students know where those fruits are grown. Introduce the concept of food miles. Explain, The United States gets most of its bananas from Latin America. That means that when you eat a banana, it's traveled thousands of miles to get to you. (Of course, you should modify this example to make sense for your region, especially if you live in Hawaii!) Ask students if they know of fruits that are grown in their town or region. Pass out a snack of a local fruit, and share with students where you got it. (5 min.)
- **2. Reading:** Explain that you're going to read a book called *How to Make an Apple Pie and See the World*. During the read-aloud, have students make a list of the places the main character visited to gather ingredients. (10 min.)
- **3. Discussing:** Ask students what they thought of the main character's journey. Ask, *What was realistic about it?* Discuss how it's true that we

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get a lot of our food from around the world, but that it's usually shipped to grocery stores. Ask, What ingredients do you think she traveled too far to get? Discuss how perhaps the eggs, butter, and wheat could have come from a local farm. (5 min.)

- **4. Calculating Food Miles:** Provide students with the Food Miles Chart with the distance in miles for each ingredient in the apple pie. Tell them you're going to use a scale to make a representation of how far the ingredients would have traveled. **(10 min.)**
- **5. Measuring Feet:** Put students in groups, and assign each group one ingredient. Explain that they'll need to divide their number of miles by 100 to figure out how many feet long to make their string. Provide string, scissors, and measuring sticks, and have them measure a length of string to represent the food mileage of their ingredient. **(10 min.)**
- **6. Field Graph:** Walk students to the school's field, blacktop, or gymnasium. Explain to students that they'll be making a human bar graph to compare the distances each ingredient had traveled. Have each group stretch out their yarn from the same starting point. Have group members take turns holding the string and walking around to see the other group's mileage. **(15–20 min.)**

REFLECTION

Have students discuss the following questions in small groups, then share with the class: (5 min.)

 How did seeing the field graph affect your thinking about food miles?

- Why do we have to purchase certain food staples from other countries?
- Why should we care where our food comes from? What impact do food miles have on the environment?
- What were successes and good strategies for working in your groups? What can you continue to work on?

ADAPTATIONS

Technology: If your students have access to computers, you can have them research and calculate the food miles of each ingredient in a typical school lunch, using the website www. foodmiles.com. In addition, you can have them research local farms, finding local alternatives.

Physical: Set up three different obstacle courses on the field, ranging in length. Have each obstacle course represent a fruit. For example, the short course could represent an apple or other fruit grown locally, the medium course would represent an orange grown in the United States, and the long course could represent a banana grown in South America. This would vary, depending on your location.

ACADEMIC CONNECTIONS

English Language Arts Common Core State Standards

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.7

Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).

Next Generation Science Standards, Life Science Disciplinary Core Idea

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NGSS ESS.3.C

Human Impacts on Earth Systems – Human activities in agriculture, industry, and everyday life have had major effects on the land, vegetation, streams, ocean, air, and even outer space. But individuals and communities are doing things to help protect Earth's resources and environments.

Math Common Core State Standards

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.NBT.A.1

Recognize that in a multi-digit number, a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left.

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.NBT.A.2

Explain patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.





Food Miles Charts

ame:			Date:			
FOOD MILES	S FROM HO	W TO MAK	V TO MAKE AN APPLE PIE AND SEE THE WORLD			
Ingredient	Location	Miles	Scale 1 foot equals 100 miles (round to the nearest foot)	Local Alternative?		
Wheat	Italy	4,484				
Chicken eggs	France	3,831				
Cinnamon	Sri Lanka	8,941				
Butter from cow's milk	England	3,666				
Sugar	Jamaica	1,444				
Apples	Vermont					

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